CONTENTS
VOLUME 235  NUMBER 3

REVIEWS
Mechanical, hormonal and metabolic influences on blood vessels, blood flow and bone R77–R100
Rhonda D Prisby
AIP and the somatostatin system in pituitary tumours R101–R116
Alejandro Ibáñez-Costa & Márta Korbonits

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THIS ISSUE’S COVER

The images depict some key molecular determinants of CRH signaling in the hypothalamus of laboratory rodents and humans. In mice (left), secretagogin co-exists with neither oxytocin nor vasopressin. In contrast, a subset of vasopressin+ and oxytocin+ neurons can co-express secretagogin in rats (centre) and humans (right) (red, secretagogin; green, vasopressin; blue, oxytocin). From Romanov et al. 232 R161–R172.

Credit: R A Romanov, T Harkany (Medical University of Vienna, Austria), A Alpár (Semmelweis University, Budapest, Hungary), T Hökfelt (Karolinska Institutet, Sweden)